

JESUS & Roman Empire

NAME _____

DATE _____

MARKING _____

HOUR _____

DIRECTIONS: USE WORDS FROM THE WORD BOX TO FILL IN THE BLANKS.

crucifixion

enemies of the state

Jesus of Nazareth

Word Box

New Testament of the Bible

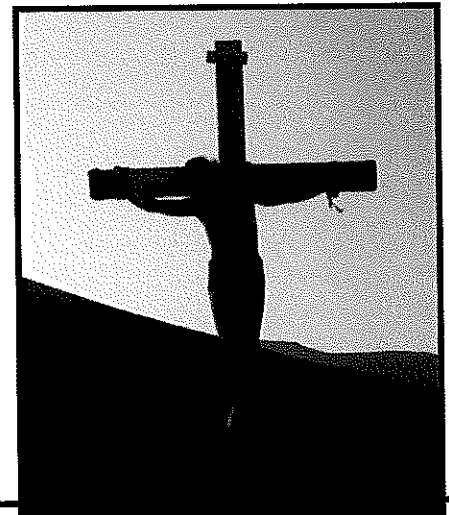
passover

Simon

1/3

Jesus of Nazareth

- 1.) Circa 30 AD Jerusalem was under Roman rule. It had been occupied for a hundred years. A man, _____ was sentenced to death. His method of execution was _____ . Jerusalem had half a million people in town for the Jewish festival of _____ which celebrated the exodus from Egypt. Among them were the followers of Jesus. They believed him to be the messiah. Rome viewed the teachings of Jesus as threatening the peace since it differed from the philosophy of the Roman empire. Rome would crucify pirates, slaves and _____. Thousands of people died that way under Roman rule. During Jesus struggle carrying the cross through town Roman soldiers picked _____ of Cyrene to help Jesus carry his cross. Even though the event was barely recognized by the Romans, Jesus crucifixion became one of the most important events in the history of mankind. His followers would retell his story. Decades later the story would be written and become the _____. His death would launch a global religion where _____ of mankind would end up worshipping in his name.



Jesus & Roman Empire

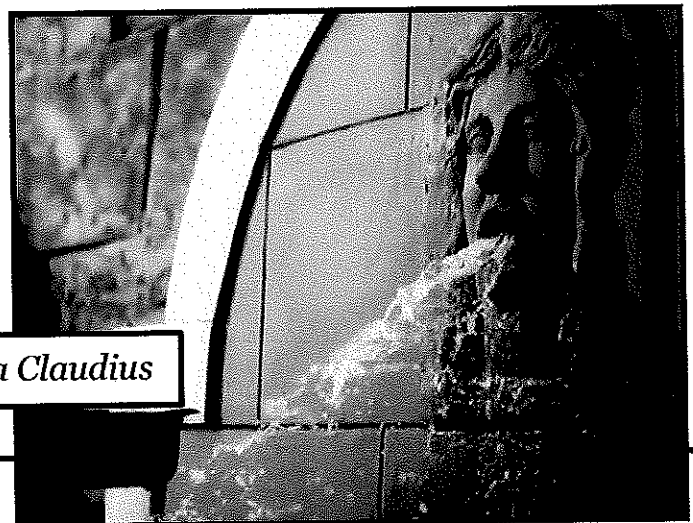
Mankind

Word Box

aqueduct Claudius concrete megacity one million people
one in five public toilets sewage system 200,000 250 million gallons

Roman Empire c. 50 AD/CE

2.) Shortly after the crucifixion of Jesus, C. 50 AD, the city of Rome, center of the Roman Empire, had grown to become the largest city on Earth with a population of _____. It was densely populated with many in the population being poor. The people needed _____ tons of grain each year or its people would starve. _____ people were on welfare. Rome's emperor from 41 AD - 54 AD was _____. He was the most powerful man in the western world. To please the people and avoid assassination, the emperor finished a huge public works project that would bring fresh water into the city. That project was the _____ and would deliver _____ of water a day. The water would support 1300 fountains, 900 baths, and 144 _____. The aqueduct used stone and a revolutionary new building material _____. Along with the fresh water pumped into the city Claudius provided Rome's residents with a police force, a fire brigade, a postal service, thirty libraries, three theatres, 80 temples and a _____ to help remove the waste from buildings and streets. Rome had become the world's first _____ and is still the model for many of the world's cities to this day.



Aqua Claudia